From Stigma to Strength:

Storytelling for Dignity in Substance Use Discourse

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- Program Design and Implementation
- Storytelling and Workforce Training
- Story and Theatre Performances
- Storytelling Workshops and Coaching



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Why I'm Here

Skye Scott Lourdes Jon Dicky Donnie Spike Wayne Sean Mara Doug Jeremy JD Rob Carl Delicia Corey Dean

Kealynd





This is also why I'm here





Scan the OR Code for:



Workshop Handout

PowerPoint Slides

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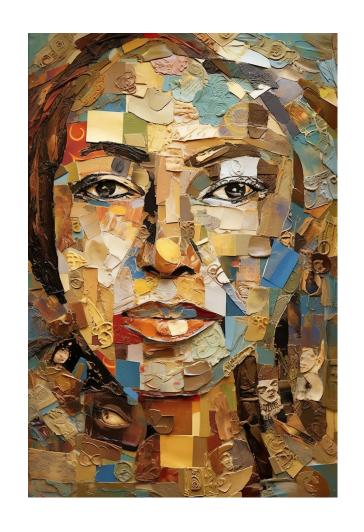


The Science of Storytelling





Stories are how we know who
we are – our values, beliefs,
passions, culture, identities,
history, and what is sacred to us





Stories bind us together; they are how we know we BELONG

"I listen to stories to find myself in you."

-See No Stranger, Valarie Kaur





Stories are how we convey the value of a person or group of people.





Social Survival

- Survival is social; we rely on others to get our needs met
- Know our tribe and who our safety group is
- Develop stories that protect us and get our needs met
- Our stories give us a sense of agency and predictability



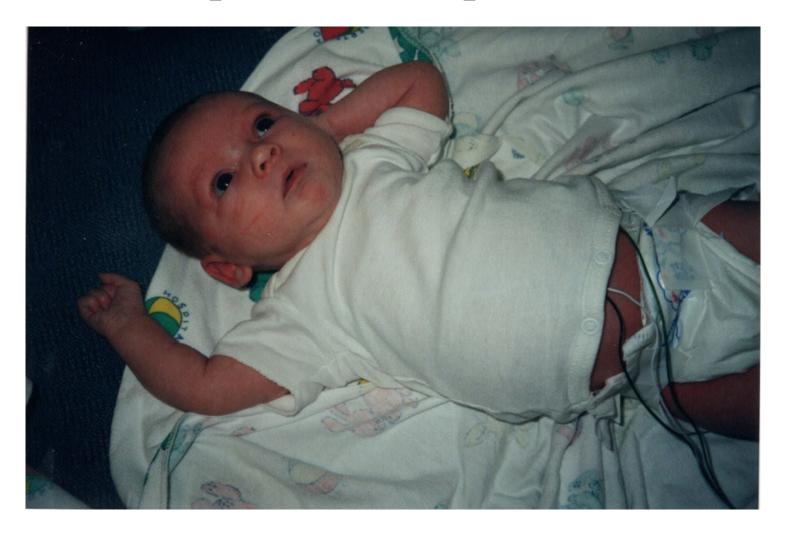


Stigma is enacted through a public performance of storytelling.





Sophie in the hospital



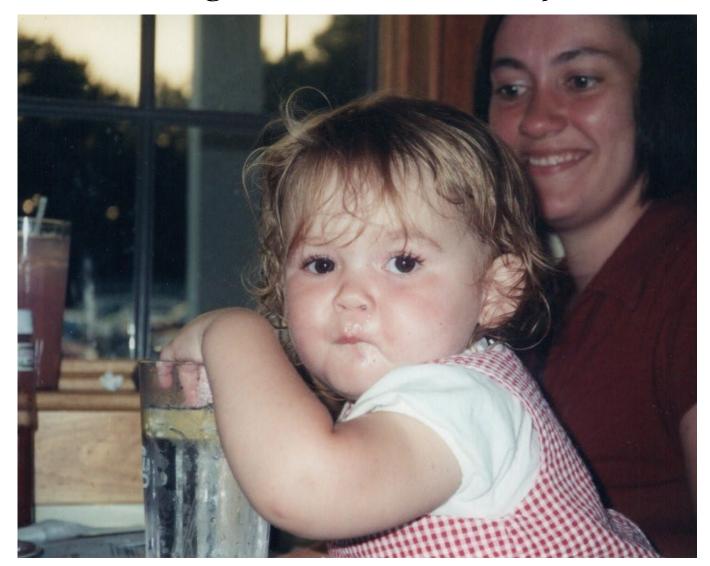


Shortly after coming home





Drug Court Toddler Days





Sophie and Me Today





STORY Time!

Think of a decision you made or action you took that had painful consequences. Share that with a partner.





ADDICT/FELON

The Risks of Redemption Stories



Meghann Perry Group

Redemption Stories

- Most enduring form of narrative across culture and literature
- Hero's Journey: Suffering and adversity as a path to a better self
- Widely used in treatment and recovery spaces
 - Sense making
 - Identity reconstruction
 - Hope and possibility
 - Connection



Redemption Stories - the Dangers

- Creates absolutes and binaries
 - Person is either bad or good
 - Substances are bad and abstinence is good
- Casts the person who uses drugs (PWUD) as unequivocally flawed, broken, in need of saving
- Oversimplifies the experiences of PWUD
- Reinforces myths that all drug use is bad/PWUD are bad



Redemption Stories - the Dangers

- Emphasis on outcomes:
 - Perceived failure
 - Blaming individuals
- Recovery driven by fear
- Makes heroes who may fall from grace
- Siloes us as special or different
- Excludes people with different experiences





The dominant redemption story of substance use perfectly fits the narrative and goals of the War on Drugs





The Danger of a Dominant Narrative





The Impact of the Dominant Narrative

- Systems and supports built by and for dominant group
 - Loudest voices
 - More recovery capital
 - Perpetuates their model of success
- Places lower value on PWUD and those with less resources = limits compassion and tolerance
- Bias = only severe/diagnosable substance use challenges
- Providers and services focused narrow pathology and goal



People are dying because they don't see themselves reflected or respected in the narrative





Small Groups:

Where do you see the dominant narrative showing up in your settings? In your own practice?

Is it causing harm? Is it impacting your efficacy? How?



The Benefits of
Strength-based
Storytelling





Strength-based Storytelling

- Disrupts the binary
- Shifts from shame to compassion
- Recognizes strength and resilience at all stages
- Reintegrates a fluid identity across a lifetime
- Emphasizes more universal experiences
- Strengthens agency and self-advocacy



Strength-based Storytelling Approaches

- Reduces power differentials between listener and storyteller
- Recognizes a tapestry of stories rather than a single story
- Storyteller self-defines challenges and solutions
- Externalizes challenges: "I am not the problem, the problem is."
- Focuses on strengths, skills, gifts, wisdom and experience past and present
- Favors complexity and universal themes



Our Model

- Developed in 2017; over 2,000 participants to date
- Non-clinical, peer-led and community based
- Narrative Therapy, Drama Therapy, Peer Support and Expressive Arts
- Northeastern University's Institute for Health Equity and Social Justice Research:
 - 2020: Positive outcomes from NEA-funded study
 - 2025: R34 Application for grant from NIH/NIDA to study in RCC setting



I listen not to change you, but to be changed BY YOU.

-Valarie Kaur, See No Stranger





What is the Impact?

What difference do you think a strength-based approach to storytelling will make in your sphere of influence?





Actions

- Take training in strength-based storytelling
- Tell more nuanced stories about substance use
- Create a code of ethics or practice guidelines for storytelling in your agency (use people with lived and living experience to design)
- Call people in when you hear stigmatizing stories
- Challenge dominant narratives in policy, practice and personal interactions



Questions and Takeaways

A tapestry of stories where everyone belongs







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